

REICHSWEHR DEFEAT REDS IN THE DUISBURG REGION

Cleared Out the Radical Element in Pitched Battle in the Street—The Reds Fought in Small Groups, Sometimes Only Three or Four Manning a Machine Gun—Business Section of Duisburg Was Swept by Machine Gun and Rifle Bullets—Four Citizens Were Killed and a Number Were Injured.

Duisburg, Rhenish Prussia, April 3. — (By Courier to Duesseldorf.)—By The A. (P.)—Reichswehr troops marched into the Duisburg region today and cleared out the radical element of the Red army in pitched battles in the kilometers east of the Rhine," the statement says. "They are, therefore, purely 'restrictive measures.'"

NOTE EXPLAINING GERMAN TROOPS IN RUHR DISTRICT

Machine guns and rifle bullets swept the business district like a driving rain, artillery threw solid shot and shrapnel and hand grenades were tossed. There was house-to-house fighting in some quarters. Four citizens were killed and a number were

A child was killed on the Belgian side of the Rhine and a Belgian soldier was shot in the hand. The Reichswehr and Red casualties, it is officially announced, were light. The Reichswehr came to Duisburg

Regiment marching south from Wesel through Hainborn and Dimsleben into Ruhrort, and the remainder, under General Kabisch, flanking in east of Duisburg. The contingents arrived simultaneously at three o'clock in the afternoon.

A detachment of police undertook to search houses for resisting Reds while the government artillery took up a position north of the old gates of Duisburg, from which spot it placed shots where the Reds were grouped, principally in the high

The first shots between the Kabisch forces and the Reds were fired in Kaiserberg, on the eastern edge of the city. Fighting soon followed in the downtown streets of Duisburg, the Reichswehr advancing from corner to corner.

The Reds fought in small groups, sometimes only three or four manning a machine gun, supplementing its fire with rifles.

The heaviest firing was in Sonnenwall street. The Reichswehr took an

The Japanese have received no report regarding the wireless despatches. These despatches said Nikolaev was in the hands of the revolutionaries but that there was no fear as to the safety of the Japanese ambassador.

Another incident heightening the feeling between the Japanese and Russians in Siberia occurred yesterday at Nokoisk, when the Japanese arrested the station master because he permitted the movement of freight by the Russians independent of the Japanese.

when the troops entered the town. The barracks, erected in Kasserfeld street, where many aliens reside, were cleared out by shrapnel.

The Reds, who numbered only two or three hundred, were driven out within two and a half hours, but during the chase many were driven into the

the station. Although troops on both sides were drawn up, a clash was averted.

PROFITS SERETCHING IN THE RUBBER INDUSTRY

The city, which had lived in a state of fear for three weeks, took the matter coolly. The street cars continued to run. The street cars continued to run.

operating in all parts of the town except where the fighting was hot, but cellars were popular.

Many of the citizens knew that the Reichswehr were expected, as the government had not. Burgomaster Jarres, who had volunteered firemen

Three of the citizens killed were hit by a government shell falling widely and wrecking a house; the fourth was cut down by aillery in the streets. Great damage was done to stores and buildings, many of which

Altar boys extinguished fire in Providence church.

Dusseldorf, April 4 (By the A. P.).—Dusseldorf was quiet today. It is surrounded by moderate Red outposts on all the roads leading into the city, who are under orders to receive, disarm and conduct to the barracks all returning *Heads*. *Heads* are being taken, fought and extinguished at that started behind the altar at Church of the Epiphany, Episcopo here today, when a lighted candle upset just as several hundred people were assembling for the Easter communion service.

The executive committee in charge announces that it is prepared to prevent the city becoming the scene of resistance of the peace terms. Should the Reichswehr come to Dusseldorf, however, the workmen are in favor of calling a general strike in protest.

RED GUARDS HAVE LEFT ESSEN.
Essen, April 4 (By the A. P.).—The Red guards have left Essen. The streets were crowded today with the usual Easter crowds.

Duisburg, Rhenish Prussia, April 4 (By the A. P.).—Easter brought real peace to Duisburg. After heavy fighting, the government troops which reached here early yesterday were today combing the industrial district to

the south around Wannheim and the woods toward Mulheim, where the scattered Reds are believed to have fled. How far south and east the troops will go depends on how the Reds act.

It is not intended to proceed to Es-

unexpected developments. Military control will be maintained here only until the authorities are satisfied of the stability of civilian administration.

One of the most frequent comments regarding the disturbances at Dulais was made by a local resident in Brown Mills, W. Va., in 1899, who was educated at Oberlin College, entered newspaper work in Chicago when he was 18 years old, came to New York in 1891. He served as editor of several New York newspapers and joined the staff of The Editor.

**FRANCE SECRETIVE ABOUT
SENDING TROOPS TO RUHR**

announced regarding France's next step with regard to the sending of German troops into the Ruhr coal basin, with the exception of a vague official statement which says that any military measures the French government has under consideration are wounds inflicted on himself while hunting knife while in a fit of melancholia. Death came to the well-known financier and clubman despite his efforts on the part of leading sportsmen who operated on him.

more for the purpose of forcing Germany to adhere strictly to the terms of the peace treaty.

"The military measures under the government's consideration have as their sole object the recall of Germany to respect for articles 42 and 44 of the treaty, which forbid the presence of troops in the Rhine zone."

more than a year ago. He was then plucked a hunting knife into the left side just under the heart.

He is survived by his widow, was Miss Alice L. Warner, daughter of Dr. L. Devere Warner, millionaire manufacturer of Bridgeport, Connecticut. Warner, Alfred was

ence of German troops in the zone so that it
